

## General Assembly

## Substitute Bill No. 6581

January Session, 2003

## AN ACT CONCERNING REPORTS OF INJURIES FROM FIREWORKS AND PENALTIES FOR THE ILLEGAL USE OR POSSESSION OF FIREWORKS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 19a-510a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 3 (a) The attending physician, the director of a health care institution, 4 his designee, or any health care provider shall report the provision of 5 treatment for (1) a second or third degree burn to five per cent or more 6 of the body, (2) any burn to the upper respiratory tract, (3) laryngeal 7 edema due to the inhalation of superheated air, [and] (4) each case of a 8 burn injury which is likely to or may result in death, and (5) any injury 9 resulting from the use of fireworks, immediately, by telephone, to the 10 local fire marshal of the jurisdiction where the incident which caused
- 11 the burn occurred, and within forty-eight hours, in writing, to the State
- 12 Fire Marshal's Office on forms provided by that office. The report shall
- 13 be sent to the Bureau of State Fire Marshal and Safety Services which
- shall compile the information and publish a statistical abstract to be
- submitted annually to local fire marshals and the General Assembly.
- 16 (b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to remove the primary 17 responsibility for fire investigations from the appropriate local
- 18 jurisdiction.

- (c) For purposes of this section "health care provider" means any person, corporation, facility or institution licensed by this state to provide health care or professional services, or an officer, employee or agent thereof acting in the course and scope of his employment.
- Sec. 2. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) Whenever the State Fire Marshal determines that there is reason to believe any fireworks are being sold, used or possessed in violation of any of the provisions of section 29-357 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, the State Fire Marshal may issue a written or printed stop sale, use or removal order to any person who owns, controls or has custody of such fireworks, and after receipt of such order no person shall sell, use or remove the fireworks described in the order except in accordance with the provisions of the order.
- (b) Any fireworks distributed, sold, offered for sale or delivered for transportation or transported into or within the state for the purpose of sale shall be subject to seizure and condemnation upon application of the State Fire Marshal to the superior court for the judicial district of Hartford if they are being sold, used or possessed in violation of section 29-357 of the general statutes, as amended by this act.
- (c) If the fireworks are condemned, they shall be disposed of by sale, as the court may direct. The proceeds from such sale shall revert to the General Fund but no article shall be sold which does not comply with the provisions of this section. Upon payments of costs and execution and delivery of a good and sufficient bond, conditioned upon the guarantee that the article shall not be disposed of unlawfully, the court may direct that the article be delivered to the owner thereof for relabeling or reprocessing, as the case may be. When any article is ordered condemned, court costs, legal fees and storage and other proper expenses shall be awarded against the person, if any, who intervenes as claimant of the article or who is responsible for the condition which leads to its condemnation.
- 50 Sec. 3. Section 29-357 of the general statutes is repealed and the

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following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

- (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, no person, firm or corporation shall offer for sale, expose for sale, sell at retail or use or explode or possess with intent to sell, use or explode any fireworks, except, notwithstanding the provisions of section 29-356, any person who is sixteen years of age or older may offer for sale, expose for sale, sell at retail, purchase, use or possess with intent to sell or use sparklers of not more than one hundred grams of pyrotechnic mixture per item, which are nonexplosive and nonaerial.
- (b) The State Fire Marshal shall adopt reasonable regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, for the granting of permits for supervised displays of fireworks or for the indoor use of pyrotechnics for special effects by municipalities, fair associations, amusement parks, other organizations or groups of individuals or artisans in pursuit of their trade. Such permit may be issued upon application to said State Fire Marshal and after (1) inspection of the site of such display or use by the local fire marshal to determine compliance with the requirements of such regulations, (2) approval of the chiefs of the police and fire departments, or, if there is no police or fire department, of the first selectman, of the municipality wherein the display is to be held as is provided in this section, and (3) the filing of a bond by the applicant as provided in section 29-358. No such display shall be handled or fired by any person until such person has been granted a certificate of competency by the State Fire Marshal, in respect to which a fee of fifty dollars shall be payable to the State Treasurer when issued and which may be renewed every three years upon payment of a fee of thirty dollars to the State Treasurer, provided such certificate may be suspended or revoked by said marshal at any time for cause. Such certificate of competency shall attest to the fact that such operator is competent to fire a display. Such display shall be of such a character and so located, discharged or fired as in the opinion of the chiefs of the police and fire departments or such selectman, after proper inspection, will not be hazardous to property or endanger any person or persons. In an aerial bomb, no salute, report or maroon may be used that is

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composed of a formula of chlorate of potash, sulphur, black needle antimony and dark aluminum. Formulas that may be used in a salute, report or maroon are as follows: (A) Perchlorate of potash, black needle antimony and dark aluminum and (B) perchlorate of potash, dark aluminum and sulphur. No high explosive such as dynamite, fulminate of mercury or other stimulator for detonating shall be used in any aerial bomb or other pyrotechnics. Application for permits shall be made in writing at least fifteen days prior to the date of display, on such notice as the State Fire Marshal by regulation prescribes, on forms furnished by him, and a fee of thirty-five dollars shall be payable to the State Treasurer with each such application. After such permit has been granted, sales, possession, use and distribution of fireworks for such display shall be lawful for that purpose only. No permit granted hereunder shall be transferable. Any permit issued under the provisions of this section may be suspended or revoked by the State Fire Marshal or the local fire marshal for violation by the permittee of any provision of the general statutes, any regulation or any ordinance relating to fireworks.

- (c) The State Fire Marshal may grant variations or exemptions from, or approve equivalent or alternate compliance with, particular provisions of any regulation issued under the provisions of subsection (b) of this section where strict compliance with such provisions would entail practical difficulty or unnecessary hardship or is otherwise adjudged unwarranted, provided any such variation, exemption, approved equivalent or alternate compliance shall, in the opinion of the State Fire Marshal, secure the public safety and shall be made in writing.
- (d) Any person, firm or corporation violating the provisions of this section shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars or imprisoned not more than ninety days or be both fined and imprisoned, except that (1) any person, firm or corporation violating the provisions of subsection (a) of this section by offering for sale, exposing for sale or selling at retail or possessing with intent to sell any fireworks with a value exceeding ten thousand dollars shall be guilty

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- of a class A misdemeanor, and (2) any person, firm or corporation
- violating any provisions of subsection (b) of this section or regulations
- 121 <u>adopted thereunder shall be guilty of a class D felony.</u>
- Sec. 4. Section 29-366 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- Any person, firm or corporation violating the provisions of sections
- 29-358 to 29-365, inclusive, shall be [fined not more than one hundred
- dollars or imprisoned not more than ninety days or be both fined and
- imprisoned guilty of a class D felony.
- Sec. 5. Section 53a-56 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage):
- 130 (a) A person is guilty of manslaughter in the second degree when:
- (1) [He] <u>Such person</u> recklessly causes the death of another person; [or]
- 132 (2) [he] <u>such person</u> intentionally causes or aids another person, other
- than by force, duress or deception, to commit suicide; or (3) the death
- of another person results from the use of pyrotechnics in violation of
- subsection (b) of section 29-357, as amended by this act.
- 136 (b) Manslaughter in the second degree is a class C felony.

This act shall take effect as follows:	
Section 1	from passage
Sec. 2	from passage
Sec. 3	from passage
Sec. 4	from passage
Sec. 5	from passage

**PS** Joint Favorable Subst. C/R

JUD